# **Republic of Yemen**

Ministry of Telecommunications & Information Technology

# **Public Telecommunication Corporation**

Technical Specifications for

(DROP WIRE 0.8 mm)

with Schedule of Quantities

Date of issue: January 2014

DROP WIRE 0.8 mm

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# 1. GENERAL:

These specifications cover the construction, electrical and mechanical requirements, testing and packing of 1 pair self supporting drop wire to be installed between distribution points and telephone subscribers premises.

# **2.ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS:**

- (a) Where international standards are not available, standards in accordance with ASTM (American Society for Testing and Materials), IP (Institute of Petroleum) and BS (British Standards Institute) have been specified. The latest issues should be apply and deemed to be integral parts of the specifications.
- (b) The following standards are referred to in this specification:

ASTM B1	Conductor, Quality of copper.
ISO R402	Conductor, Tensile Strength and Elongation.
<b>ASTM D 1248</b>	Insulation and Sheath, Quality of polyethylene material.
<b>ASTM D 792</b>	Insulation and Sheath, Density.
ISO R 292	Insulation and Sheath, Melt flow index.
ISO R 527	Insulation and Sheath, Tensile strength and elongation.
ASTM D 1603	Sheath, Carbon Black Content.
MAT-061	Inspection and testing.
MAT-062	Packing and marking.

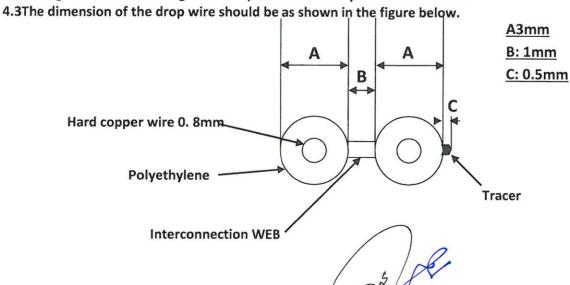
# 3. TEMPERATURE AND ENVIRONMENT

- 3.1The drop wire should be, without detriment, maintain the physical and electrical characteristics, within specified limits detailed in this specification, over a working temperature range of -10 °C to +80 °C.
- 3.2The drop wire should be suffering no deterioration from sunlight of corrosive elements in the atmosphere.

# 4. CONSTRUCTION:

PTC -Drop wire 0.8mm

- 4.1The assembly should be consisting of two conductor lay parallel insulated to form a figure 8 configuration. It should be possible to separate the drop wire into two fully insulated conductors by cutting along the interconnecting web.
- 4.2Polarity identification should be provide by a single ridge tracer longitudinally molded along the jacket throughout the intere length the drop wire unaided eye and to the touch.



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## **5. PHISICHAL REQUIREMENTS**

### 5.1 Conductors:

Each conductor should be consisting of hard drawn copper wire. The conductor should be meet the requirements of (ASTM B1) have a conductivity of at least 96%. The diameter of conductor should be 0.8mm.

#### 5.2 Insulation:

- 5.2.1 The insulation should be high density polyethylene (HDPE).
- 5.2.2 The polyethylene compound should be according to (ASTM D 1248).
- 5.2.3 The insulation should be contain 2.5% black carbon uniformly distributed along the insulation.
- 5.2.4 A finished drop wire should not be support combustion fire more than 1 minute after 15 seconds applications of standard test flame to a vertically supported specimen with interval of 15 seconds between successive applications of the flame. The specimen should not be convoy flame either during or after five applications of the test flame.

# 6. ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS AT 20°C

- 6.1 The maximum conductor resistance should be 36.5  $\Omega/\mathrm{Km}$  at +20°C.
- 6.2 The resistance unbalance between two conductors should not be exceeding 2%.
- 6.3 The insulation resistance at 500VDC must be  $5000M\Omega/Km$  for 1minute.
- 6.4 Dielectric strength should be 4000VAC for 3minutes.
- 6.5 The mutual capacitance measured in dry air at 800Hz on wire length should not be exceeding 40nF/km.

## 7. MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

All tests should be performed as specified in specification MAT-061.

#### 7.1 Conductor:

7.1.1 The tensile strength should be not less than 200N/mm² for 0.8mm and the permanent elongation should be 2%.

#### 7.2 Insulation (polyethylene):

- 7.2.1 The maximum melt flow index should be 0.5g/10minutes.
- 7.2.2 The tensile strength should not be less than 12.5N/mm<sup>2</sup> and the ultimate elongation should not be less than 400%.
- 7.2.3 The dielectric constant should not be exceeding 2.4 when measured at 100KHz & 1MHz.
- 7.3 The drop wire should be passing an immersion test according to (MAT-061) without breakdown.

#### 8. COMPLIANCE

The tenderer should be state their compliance with specification in figures and detailed statements any deviation suggested by manufacture should be fully documented and may be presented the word (comply) is not sufficient for this purpose.

#### 9. SUPPLY EXPERIENCE

The tenderer should be submitting document of supply experience.

#### **10.DELEVERY LENGTH**

The drop wire should be delivered in coils of 500 meter in length.

#### 11.SAMPLES

- 11.1 The samples must be bringing with offer with length not less 100m.
- 11.2 The sample must be stamp by Manufacture Company.

PTC -Drop wire 0.8mm

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### 12. INSPECTION

- 12.1 Manufacturer should be keep suitable summary records for a period not less than five years of all electrical and physical tests required in such a form that test data.
- 12.2 Following test results should be supplied with each coil:
  - 12.2.1Conductor resistance.
  - 12.2.2Resistance unbalance.
  - 12.2.3Mutual capacitance.
  - 12.2.4Insulation resistance.
  - 12.2.5Dielectric strength.
- 12.3 PTC should have a right to depute a reprehensive to inspect at factory during the manufacture of the drop wire on the cost of the tenderer.
- 12.4 The approval to attend two PTC engineers to test the drop wire during the manufacture on the cost of the tenderer.

## 13. PACKING AND MARKING

- (a) Packing / unpacking instructions must be supplied along with each consignment.
- (b) The packing material should not be contain any sharp edges or nails which may damage the material.
- (c) A distinguishing number and the following information should be plainly marked on the outside of each coil:
  - i. Manufacture's name and country of origin.
  - ii. Contract number.
  - iii. M.T.I.T R.Y P.T.C
  - iv. Tender number.
  - v. Year of manufacture.
  - i. Length in meters.
  - ii. Net and gross weights.

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# Information to be submitted with the tender:-

Tenderers should be give details of the construction of drop wire physical, electrical characteristics and mechanical characteristics relating to the concerned tender in the form given in the table below:-

I- CONSTRUCTION:-  1.1 Conductor material 1.2 conductor diameter (mm) 1.3 Insulation material 1.4 Insulation thickness (A, B, C) 1.5 Black carbon content % 1.6 weight of copper per 500m of conductor 1.7 overall weight of roll (500m) Kg 1.8 Marking 1.9 standard length of roll(m) 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 20°C 2.1 conductivity of conductor% 2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km 2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km 2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC) 2.5 Dielectric strength 2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz 2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance 2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:	characteristics	Tender Offer	notes
1.2 conductor diameter (mm)  1.3 Insulation material  1.4 Insulation thickness (A, B, C)  1.5 Black carbon content %  1.6 weight of copper per 500m of conductor  1.7 overall weight of roll (500m) Kg  1.8 Marking  1.9 standard length of roll(m)  2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 20°C  2.1 conductivity of conductor%  2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km  2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km  2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC)  2.5 Dielectric strength  2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz  2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance  2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:  1 KHz  150 KHz  300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	1- CONSTRUCTION:-		
1.3 Insulation material 1.4 Insulation thickness (A, B, C) 1.5 Black carbon content % 1.6 weight of copper per 500m of conductor 1.7 overall weight of roll (500m) Kg 1.8 Marking 1.9 standard length of roll(m) 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 20°C 2.1 conductivity of conductor% 2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km 2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km 2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC) 2.5 Dielectric strength 2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz 2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance 2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at: - 1KHz - 150 KHz - 300 KHz 3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 Tensile strength of conductor 3.2 Elongation of conductor 3.3 Tensile strength of insulation 3.4 Elongation of insulation 3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity 4. SAMPLE	1.1 Conductor material		
1.3 Insulation material 1.4 Insulation thickness (A, B, C) 1.5 Black carbon content % 1.6 weight of copper per 500m of conductor 1.7 overall weight of roll (500m) Kg 1.8 Marking 1.9 standard length of roll(m) 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 20°C 2.1 conductivity of conductor% 2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km 2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km 2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC) 2.5 Dielectric strength 2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz 2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance 2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at: - 1KHz - 150 KHz - 300 KHz 3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 Tensile strength of conductor 3.2 Elongation of conductor 3.3 Tensile strength of insulation 3.4 Elongation of insulation 3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity 4. SAMPLE	1.2 conductor diameter (mm)		
1.5 Black carbon content %  1.6 weight of copper per 500m of conductor  1.7 overall weight of roll (500m) Kg  1.8 Marking  1.9 standard length of roll(m)  2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 20°C  2.1 conductivity of conductor%  2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km  2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km  2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC)  2.5 Dielectric strength  2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz  2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance  2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:  1 KHz  150 KHz  3.0 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	1.3 Insulation material		
1.6 weight of copper per 500m of conductor  1.7 overall weight of roll (500m) Kg  1.8 Marking  1.9 standard length of roll(m)  2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 20°C  2.1 conductivity of conductor%  2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km  2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km  2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC)  2.5 Dielectric strength  2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz  2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance  2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:  - 1KHz  - 150 KHz  - 300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	1.4 Insulation thickness (A, B, C)		
1.7 overall weight of roll (500m) Kg  1.8 Marking  1.9 standard length of roll(m)  2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 20°C  2.1 conductivity of conductor%  2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km  2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km  2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC)  2.5 Dielectric strength  2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz  2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance  2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:  - 1KHz  - 150 KHz  - 300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	1.5 Black carbon content %		
1.9 standard length of roll(m) 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 20°C 2.1 conductivity of conductor% 2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km 2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km 2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC) 2.5 Dielectric strength 2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz 2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance 2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at: - 1KHz - 150 KHz - 300 KHz 3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 Tensile strength of conductor 3.2 Elongation of conductor 3.3 Tensile strength of insulation 3.4 Elongation of insulation 3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity 4. SAMPLE	1.6 weight of copper per 500m of conductor		
1.9 standard length of roll(m) 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 20°C 2.1 conductivity of conductor% 2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km 2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km 2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC) 2.5 Dielectric strength 2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz 2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance 2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at: - 1KHz - 150 KHz - 300 KHz 3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 Tensile strength of conductor 3.2 Elongation of conductor 3.3 Tensile strength of insulation 3.4 Elongation of insulation 3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity 4. SAMPLE	1.7 overall weight of roll (500m) Kg		
2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 20°C  2.1 conductivity of conductor%  2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km  2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km  2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC)  2.5 Dielectric strength  2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz  2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance  2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:  - 1KHz - 150 KHz - 300 KHz - 300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	1.8 Marking		
2.1 conductivity of conductor%  2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km  2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km  2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC)  2.5 Dielectric strength  2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz  2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance  2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:  - 1KHz - 150 KHz - 300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	1.9 standard length of roll(m)		
2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km  2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km  2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC)  2.5 Dielectric strength  2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz  2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance  2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:  - 1KHz - 150 KHz - 300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 20°C		
2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km  2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC)  2.5 Dielectric strength  2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz  2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance  2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:  - 1KHz - 150 KHz - 300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	2.1 conductivity of conductor%		
2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC)  2.5 Dielectric strength  2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz  2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance  2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:  - 1KHz  - 150 KHz  - 300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	2.2 Max conductor resistance Ω/Km		
2.5 Dielectric strength  2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz  2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance  2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:  - 1KHz  - 150 KHz  - 300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	2.3 Resistance unbalance /Km		
2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz 2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance 2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:	2.4 Insulation resistance at (500 VDC)		
2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance 2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at: - 1KHz - 150 KHz - 300 KHz 3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 Tensile strength of conductor 3.2 Elongation of conductor 3.3 Tensile strength of insulation 3.4 Elongation of insulation 3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity 4. SAMPLE	2.5 Dielectric strength		
2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at: - 1KHz - 150 KHz - 300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	2.6 Mutual capacitance at 800KHz		
- 1KHz - 150 KHz - 300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	2.7 Nominal characteristic impedance		
- 150 KHz - 300 KHz 3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 Tensile strength of conductor 3.2 Elongation of conductor 3.3 Tensile strength of insulation 3.4 Elongation of insulation 3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity 4. SAMPLE	2.8 Maximum insertion loss (dB/Km) at:		
- 300 KHz  3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS  3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	- 1KHz		
3. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 Tensile strength of conductor 3.2 Elongation of conductor 3.3 Tensile strength of insulation 3.4 Elongation of insulation 3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity 4. SAMPLE	- 150 KHz		
3.1 Tensile strength of conductor  3.2 Elongation of conductor  3.3 Tensile strength of insulation  3.4 Elongation of insulation  3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity  4. SAMPLE	(Fig. 7) (100) (100)		
3.2 Elongation of conductor 3.3 Tensile strength of insulation 3.4 Elongation of insulation 3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity 4. SAMPLE	28100 MCCOSTR SECTION DESCRIPTION OF SECTION		
3.3 Tensile strength of insulation 3.4 Elongation of insulation 3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity 4. SAMPLE			
3.4 Elongation of insulation 3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity 4. SAMPLE			
3.5 Operating temperature & relative humidity 4. SAMPLE			
4. SAMPLE			
4.1 length of sample			
	4.1 length of sample		* 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00

\*\*\* END OF SPECIFICATIONS\*\*\*

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### **NOTES:**

The Tenderers must reply to the following points:-

- 1- Respond to and comply with PTC Technical Schedules.
- 2- Catalogues and documents containing instructions pertaining to the Drop Wire.
- 3- Samples showing the quality of the product must be attached to the submitted offer and the manufacturing company's name must be printed clearly on the samples.
- 4- Two PTC engineers must attend the factory inspection.
- 5- The laboratory response from the manufacturing company on all of PTC's specifications (compliance statement).
- 6- The manufacturer must submit company supply record.

## الملاحظات

على مقدم العرض الإجابة على الآتي:-

- 1- الإجابة على والالتزام بالمواصفات الفنية الموضحة في الجداول الفنية.
- 2- إحضار الكتالوجات والوثائق الخاصة بالدروب واير المطلوبة من قبل الشركة المصنعة.
- 3- تقديم عينات من الشركة المصنعة تدل على جودة التصنيع على أن يكون مطبوع عليها اسم الشركة المصنعة بشكل واضح.
  - 4- حضور الفحص المصنعي من قبل (2) من مهندسي المؤسسة.
  - 5- الإجابة المعملية من الشركة المصنعة على كل مواصفات المؤسسة (عروض الإستجابة).
    - 6- الخبرة التزويدية للمصنع.

# جدول الكميات لاحتياجات مادة الدروب واير

الحمالي التكلفة التقديرية (\$)	التكلفة التقليرية للوحدة (\$)	الكمية الطلوبة	الوحدة	الصنف
		10,000	لفة	لفات دروب واير أسود 0.8mm- (500 متر لكل لفة)

2 P